## INTERNATIONAL STANDARD

## **ISO/IEC** 9594-6

Sixth edition 2008-12-15

# Information technology — Open Systems Interconnection — The Directory: Selected attribute types

Technologies de l'information — Interconnexion de systèmes ouverts (OSI) — L'annuaire: Types d'attributs sélectionnés



#### PDF disclaimer

This PDF file may contain embedded typefaces. In accordance with Adobe's licensing policy, this file may be printed or viewed but shall not be edited unless the typefaces which are embedded are licensed to and installed on the computer performing the editing. In downloading this file, parties accept therein the responsibility of not infringing Adobe's licensing policy. The ISO Central Secretariat accepts no liability in this area.

Adobe is a trademark of Adobe Systems Incorporated.

Details of the software products used to create this PDF file can be found in the General Info relative to the file; the PDF-creation parameters were optimized for printing. Every care has been taken to ensure that the file is suitable for use by ISO member bodies. In the unlikely event that a problem relating to it is found, please inform the Central Secretariat at the address given below.





#### **COPYRIGHT PROTECTED DOCUMENT**

#### © ISO/IEC 2008

Published in Switzerland

All rights reserved. Unless otherwise specified, no part of this publication may be reproduced or utilized in any form or by any means, electronic or mechanical, including photocopying and microfilm, without permission in writing from either ISO at the address below or ISO's member body in the country of the requester.

ISO copyright office
Case postale 56 • CH-1211 Geneva 20
Tel. + 41 22 749 01 11
Fax + 41 22 749 09 47
E-mail copyright@iso.org
Web www.iso.org
Published by ISO in 2009

ii

#### CONTENTS

			Page
Fore	word		v
			vi
		– GENERAL	1
1		2	1
1	•		1
2		ative references	1
	2.1	Identical Recommendations   International Standards	1
	2.2	Other references.	2
_	2.3	ISO/IEC Standards	2
3		itions	3
4	Abbre	eviations	3
5	Conve	entions	3
SEC'	TION 2	– SELECTED ATTRIBUTE TYPES.	4
6	Defin	ition of selected attribute types	4
	6.1	System attribute types	4
	6.2	Labelling attribute types	4
	6.3	Geographical Attribute Types	7
	6.4	Organizational attribute types	8
	6.5	Explanatory attribute types	9
	6.6	Postal Addressing attribute types	10
	6.7	Telecommunications Addressing attribute types	12
	6.8	Preferences attribute types	15
	6.9	OSI Application attribute types	15
	6.10	OSI Application attribute types  Relational attribute types	16
	6.11	Domain attribute types	17
	6.12	Attributes applications using tag-based identification	17
	6.13	Notification attributes	18
SEC'	TION 3	- MATCHING RULES	23
7	String	preparation	23
,	7.1	g preparation	23
	7.2	Map.	23
	7.3	Normalize	23
	7.4	Prohibit	23
	7.5	Check didi	24
	7.6	Insignificant Character Removal	24
8		ition of matching rules	24
0	8.1	String matching rules	24
	8.2	Syntax-based matching rules	27
	8.3	Time matching rules	30
	8.4	First component matching rules	31
	8.5	Word matching rules	31
	8.6	Approximate Matching Rules	34
	8.7	Special Matching Rules	34
	8.8	Zonal Match	34
SEC.	TION 4	- CONTEXTS	38
9			
		Language Context	38 38
	9.1 9.2	Language Context	38
	9.2	Locale Context	38 41
	9.4	LDAP Attribute Option Context	41
		··	

#### ISO/IEC 9594-6:2008(E)

	Page
Annex A – Selected attribute types in ASN.1.	43
Annex B – Summary of attribute types	61
Annex C – Upper bounds	62
Annex D – Alphabetical index of attributes, matching rules and contexts	63
Annex E – Examples for zonal match matching rules	65
Annex F – ASN.1 module from ITU-T Rec. X.660   ISO/IEC 9834-1	67
Annex G – Tag-based applications as they relate to these Directory Specifications	68
G.1 The concept of a tag-based application	68
G.2 RFID example	68
G.3 DIT structure for entries representing object identifier components  Annex H – Amendments and corrigenda	70 72

#### **Foreword**

ISO (the International Organization for Standardization) and IEC (the International Electrotechnical Commission) form the specialized system for worldwide standardization. National bodies that are members of ISO or IEC participate in the development of International Standards through technical committees established by the respective organization to deal with particular fields of technical activity. ISO and IEC technical committees collaborate in fields of mutual interest. Other international organizations, governmental and non-governmental, in liaison with ISO and IEC, also take part in the work. In the field of information technology, ISO and IEC have established a joint technical committee, ISO/IEC TC 1.

International Standards are drafted in accordance with the rules given in the VSO/IEC Directives, Part 2.

The main task of the joint technical committee is to prepare International Standards. Draft International Standards adopted by the joint technical committee are circulated to national bodies for voting. Publication as an International Standard requires approval by at least 75 % of the national bodies casting a vote.

Attention is drawn to the possibility that some of the elements of this document may be the subject of patent rights. ISO and IEC shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights.

ISO/IEC 9594-6:2008 was prepared by Joint Technical Committee ISO/IEC JTC 1, Information technology, Subcommittee SC 6, Telecommunications and information exchange between systems, in collaboration with ITU-T. The identical text is published as ITU-T Rec. X.520 (11/2008).

This sixth edition cancels and replaces the fifth edition (ISO) EC 9594-6:2005), which has been technically revised.

ISO/IEC 9594 consists of the following parts, under the general title *Information technology* — *Open Systems Interconnection* — *The Directory*.

- Part 1: Overview of concepts, models and services
- Part 2: Models
- Part 3: Abstract service definition
- Part 4: Procedures for distributed operation
- Part 5: Protocol specifications
- Part 6: Selected attribute types
- Part 7: Selected object classes
- Part 8: Public-key and attribute certificate frameworks
- Part 9: Replication
- Part 10: Use of systems management for administration of the Directory

#### Introduction

This Recommendation | International Standard, together with other Recommendations | International Standards, has been produced to facilitate the interconnection of information processing systems to provide directory services. A set of such systems, together with the directory information that they hold, can be viewed as an integrated whole, called the *Directory*. The information held by the Directory, collectively known as the Directory Information Base (DIB), is typically used to facilitate communication between, with or about objects such as application entities, people, terminals, and distribution lists.

The Directory plays a significant role in Open Systems Interconnection, whose aim is to allow, with a minimum of technical agreement outside of the interconnection standards themselves, the interconnection of information processing systems:

- from different manufacturers:
- under different managements;
- of different levels of complexity; and
- of different ages.

This Recommendation | International Standard defines a number of attribute types which may be found useful across a range of applications of the Directory, as well as a number of standard attribute syntaxes and matching rules. One particular use for many of the attributes defined herein is in the formation of names, particularly for the classes of object defined in ITU-T Rec. X.521 | ISO/IEC 9594-7.

This Recommendation | International Standard provides the foundation frameworks upon which industry profiles can be defined by other standards groups and industry forums. Many of the features defined as optional in these frameworks may be mandated for use in certain environments through profiles. This sixth edition technically revises and enhances, but does not replace, the fifth edition of this Recommendation International Standard. Implementations may still claim conformance to the fifth edition. However, at some point, the fifth edition will not be supported (i.e., reported defects will no longer be resolved). It is recommended that implementations conform to this sixth edition as soon as possible.

This sixth edition specifies versions 1 and 2 of the Directory protocols.

The first and second editions specified only version 1. Wost of the services and protocols specified in this edition are designed to function under version 1. However some enhanced services and protocols, e.g., signed errors, will not function unless all Directory entities involved in the operation have negotiated version 2. Whichever version has been negotiated, differences between the services and between the protocols defined in the six editions, except for those specifically assigned to version 2, are accommodated using the rules of extensibility defined in ITU-T Rec. X.519 | ISO/IEC 9594-5.

Annex A, which is an integral part of this Recommendation | International Standard, provides the ASN.1 notation for the complete module which defines the attributes, attribute syntaxes, and matching rules.

Annex B, which is not an integral part of this Recommendation | International Standard, provides a table of attribute types, for easy reference.

Annex C, which is not an integral part of this Recommendation | International Standard, provides an example of upper bounds value constraints.

Annex D, which is not an integral part of this Recommendation | International Standard, lists alphabetically the attributes and matching rules defined in this Directory Specification.

Annex E, which is not an integral part of this Recommendation | International Standard, gives examples relevant to the definition of zonal matching.

Annex F, which is not an integral part of this Recommendation | International Standard, provides a copy of an ASN.1 module specified in ITU-T Rec. X.660 | ISO/IEC 9834-1.

Annex G, which is not an integral part of this Recommendation | International Standard, provides a short tutorial on ID-based applications.

Annex H, which is not an integral part of this Recommendation | International Standard, lists the amendments and defect reports that have been incorporated to form this edition of this Recommendation | International Standard.

## INTERNATIONAL STANDARD ITU-T RECOMMENDATION

## Information technology – Open Systems Interconnection – The Directory: Selected attribute types

#### SECTION 1 – GENERAL

#### 1 Scope

This Recommendation | International Standard defines a number of attribute types and matching rules which may be found useful across a range of applications of the Directory.

Attribute types and matching rules fall into three categories, as described below.

Some attribute types and matching rules are used by a wide variety of applications or are understood and/or used by the Directory itself.

NOTE – It is recommended that an attribute type or matching rule defined in this Recommendation International Standard be used, in preference to the generation of a new one, whenever it is appropriate for the application.

Some attribute types and matching rules are internationally standardized, but are application-specific. These are defined in the standards associated with the application concerned.

Any administrative authority can define its own attribute types and matching rules for any purpose. These are not internationally standardized, and are available to others beyond the administrative authority which created them only by bilateral agreement.

#### 2 Normative references

The following Recommendations and International Standards contain provisions which, through reference in this text, constitute provisions of this Recommendation | International Standard. At the time of publication, the editions indicated were valid. All Recommendations and Standards are subject to revision, and parties to agreements based on this Recommendation | International Standard are encouraged to investigate the possibility of applying the most recent edition of the Recommendations and Standards listed below. Members of IEC and ISO maintain registers of currently valid International Standards. The Telecommunication Standardization Bureau of the ITU maintains a list of currently valid ITU-T Recommendations.

#### 2.1 Identical Recommendations | International Standards

- ITU-T Recommendation X.200 (1994) | ISO/IEC 7498-1:1994, Information technology Open Systems Interconnection Basic Reference Model: The Basic Model.
- ITU-T Recommendation X.500 (2008) | ISO/IEC 9594-1:2008, Information technology Open Systems Interconnection The Directory: Overview of concepts, models and services.
- ITU-T Recommendation X.501 (2008) | ISO/IEC 9594-2:2008, Information technology Open Systems Interconnection – The Directory: Models.
- ITU-T Recommendation X.509 (2008) | ISO/IEC 9594-8:2008, Information technology Open Systems Interconnection – The Directory: Public-key and attribute certificate frameworks.
- ITU-T Recommendation X.511 (2008) | ISO/IEC 9594-3:2008, Information technology Open Systems Interconnection – The Directory: Abstract service definition.
- ITU-T Recommendation X.518 (2008) | ISO/IEC 9594-4:2008, Information technology Open Systems Interconnection – The Directory: Procedures for distributed operation.
- ITU-T Recommendation X.519 (2008) | ISO/IEC 9594-5:2008, Information technology Open Systems Interconnection – The Directory: Protocol specifications.
- ITU-T Recommendation X.521 (2008) | ISO/IEC 9594-7:2008, Information technology Open Systems Interconnection The Directory: Selected object classes.
- ITU-T Recommendation X.525 (2008) | ISO/IEC 9594-9:2008, Information technology Open Systems Interconnection The Directory: Replication.

- ITU-T Recommendation X.530 (2008) | ISO/IEC 9594-10:2008, Information technology Open Systems Interconnection The Directory: Use of systems management for administration of the Directory.
- ITU-T Recommendation X.660 (2008) | ISO/IEC 9834-1:2008, Information technology Open Systems Interconnection Procedures for the operation of OSI Registration Authorities: General procedures and top arcs of the ASN.1 Object Identifier tree.
- ITU-T Recommendation X.667 (2008) | ISO/IEC 9834-8:2008, Information technology Open Systems
   Interconnection Procedures for the operation of OSI Registration Authorities: Generation and
   registration of Universally Unique Identifiers (UUIDs) and their use as ASN.1 object identifier
   components.
- ITU-T Recommendation X.668 (2008) | ISO/IEC 9834-9:2008, Information technology Open Systems Interconnection Procedures for the operation of OSI Registration Authorities: Registration of object identifier arcs for applications and services using tag-based identification.
- ITU-T Recommendation X.680 (2008) | ISO/IEC 8824-1:2008, Information technology Abstract Syntax Notation One (ASN.1): Specification of basic notation.
- ITU-T Recommendation X.681 (2008) | ISO/IEC 8824-2:2008, Information technology Abstract Syntax Notation One (ASN.1): Information object specification.
- ITU-T Recommendation X.682 (2008) | ISO/IEC 8824-3:2008, Information rechnology Abstract Syntax Notation One (ASN.1): Constraint specification.
- ITU-T Recommendation X.683 (2008) | ISO/IEC 8824-4:2008, Information technology Abstract Syntax Notation One (ASN.1): Parameterization of ASN.1 specifications.

#### 2.2 Other references

- ITU-T Recommendation E.123 (2001), Notation for national and international telephone numbers, e-mail addresses and Web addresses.
- ITU-T Recommendation E.164 (2005), The international public telecommunication numbering plan.
- ITU-T Recommendation F.1 (1998), Operational provisions for the international public telegram service.
- CCITT Recommendation F.31 (1988), Tetegram retransmission system.
- CCITT Recommendation F.401 (1992), Message handling services: Naming and addressing for public message handling services.
- ITU-T Recommendation T.30 (2005), *Procedures for document facsimile transmission in the general switched tolephone network.*
- ITU-T Recommendation T.62 (1993), Control procedures for teletex and Group 4 facsimile services.
- ITU-T Recommendation X.121/(2000), International numbering plan for public data networks.
- ITU-T Recommendation Y.2213 (2008), NGN service requirements and capabilities for network aspects of applications and services using tag-based identification.
- ISO 3166-1:2006, Codes for the representation of names of countries and their subdivisions Part 1: Country codes.
- ISO 3166-3:2006, Codes for the representation of names of countries and their subdivisions Part 3: Code for formexly used names of countries.
- ISO 639-2:1998, Codes for the representation of names of languages Part 2: Alpha-3 code.
- ISO/IEC 9945-3:2003, Information technology Portable Operating System Interface (POSIX) Part 3: Shell and Utilities.
- IETF RFC 3377 (2002), Lightweight Directory Access Protocol (v3): Technical Specification.
- IETF RFC 3454 (2002), Preparation of Internationalized Strings (stringprep).
- The Unicode Consortium. *The Unicode Standard, Version 4.0*, defined by: *The Unicode Standard, Version 4.0* (Reading, MA, Addison-Wesley, 2003. ISBN 0-321-18578-1).
- Unicode Standard Annex #15: Unicode Normalization Forms, by Mark Davis and Martin Dürst. An integral part of *The Unicode Standard*, Version 4.0.

#### 2.3 ISO/IEC Standards

ISO/IEC 10646:2003, Information technology – Universal Multiple-Octet Coded Character Set (UCS).